

2019

Technical University of Denmark

Student conference on sustainability, the environment and climate technology.

TM

Green Challenge



Content

Welcome	4
Programme	5
Find your way around	6
Clean drinking water is the salt of life	8
Allison's growing garden	11
Smart algorithm controls power consumption and strengthens the climate	16
Sustainable Development Goals	20
Universities that have participated in Green Challenge	22
Assessment Criteria	24
Judging Panels 2019	25

LUNCH:

TIME: FROM 12.35 TO 13.35 PLACE: 1ST FLOOR - DTU LIBRARY MENU: SANDWICH

BBQ:

TIME:FROM 17.30PLACE:GRØNNEGÅRDENMENU:BURGERCHICKEN BREAST FILETGRILLED SAUSAGEMIXED SALADVEGETARIAN ALTERNATIVES WILL BE AVAILABLEBEER OR SOFT DRINKS

Welcome

Dear participant,

Welcome to DTU and to the Green Challenge (GRØN DYST) Student Conference 2019.

Climate change, deteriorating ecosystems, decreasing biodiversity, poverty, and a continuously growing population are among the global challenges that may have catastrophic implications for humanity. To reverse this development the world needs new and innovative technical solutions, which can change the global market towards a sustainable future.

Sustainability is also one of the key drivers for innovation and for turning ideas into business solutions. Companies today need to develop sustainable operations and products in order to innovate and be successful in the business world of tomorrow. Engineers are becoming increasingly important in contributing to designing sustainable products and services. They play an active role in bridging the gap between innovative ideas and sustainable development strategies.

At DTU, we take our commitments very seriously, which is why the university incorporates sustainability, environmental issues, and climate technology as fundamental aspects in all of our engineering programmes and our research.

Green Challenge promote and incorporate the UN Sustainable Development Goals into the conference. The Sustainable Development Goals are a global call to action to end poverty, protect the planet, and ensure that all people enjoy peace and prosperity.

The Green Challenge Student Conference is an annual and unique opportunity for participating students to present their projects to their peers and professors as well as invited guests and DTU alumni. The projects presented at this conference make a difference and sow seeds for new sustainable start-ups, business ideas and green solutions.

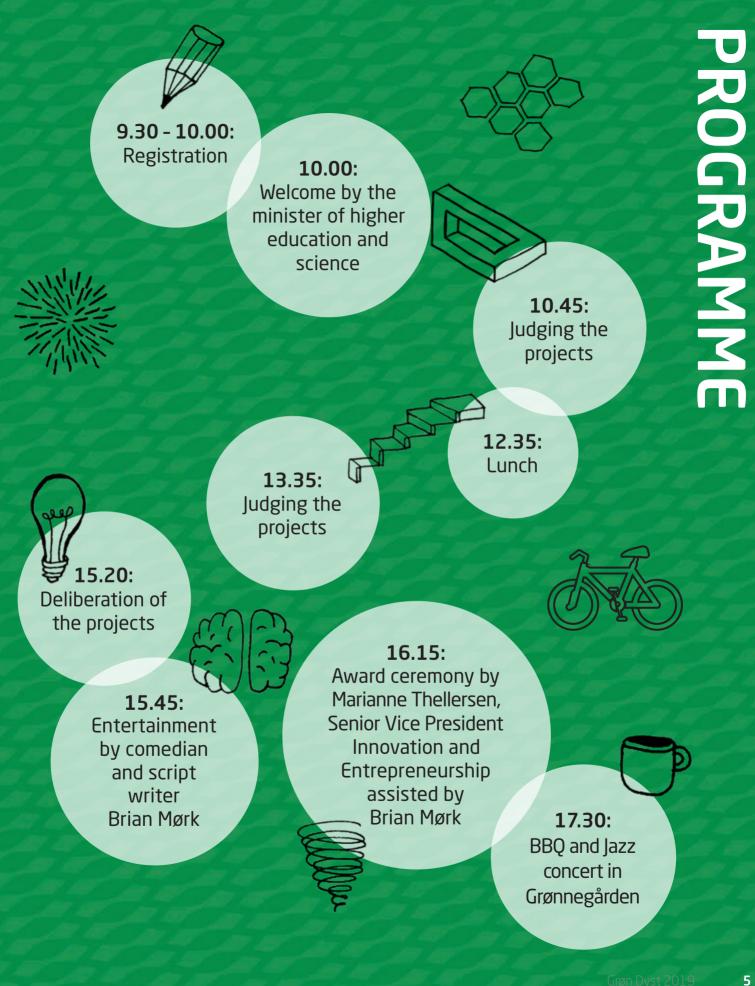
We are delighted that the minister of higher education and science has agreed to open the Green Challenge Student Conference 2019.

Welcome to a day of discovery and eye-opening sustainable solutions.

22h

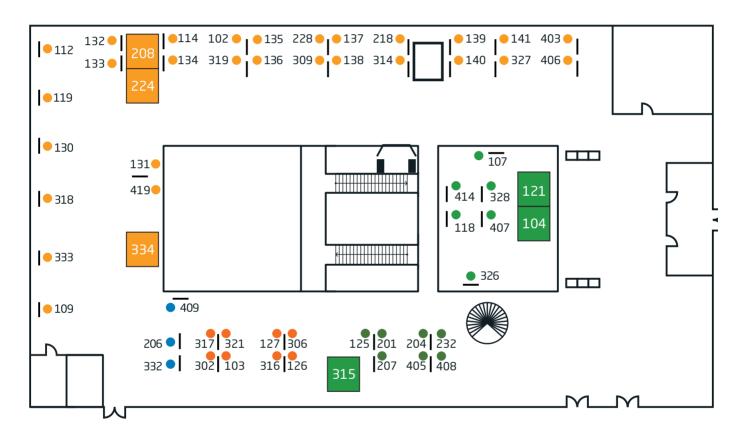
Marianne Thellersen Senior Vice President - Innovation and Entrepreneurship

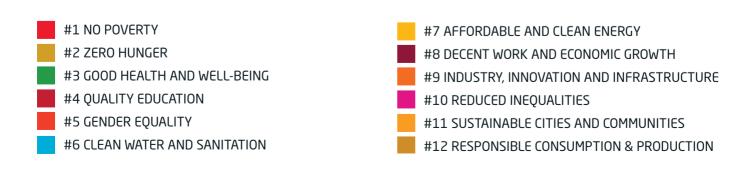




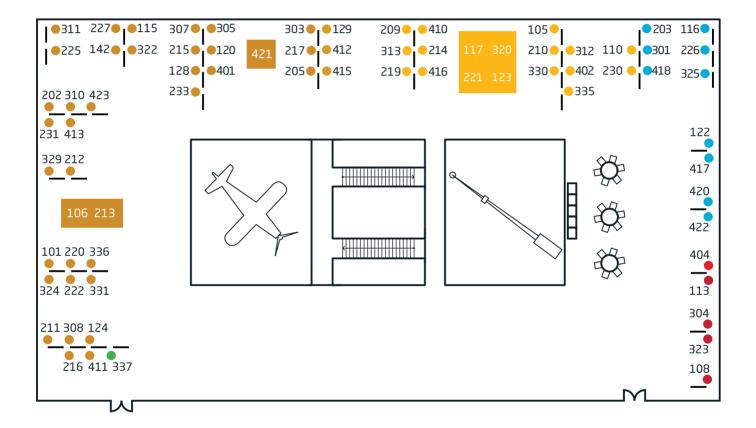
Find your way around

Ground Floor, DTU Library





Second floor, DTU Library



#13 CLIMATE ACTION
#14 LIFE BELOW WATER
#15 LIFE ON LAND
#16 PEACE AND JUSTICE STRONG INSTITUTIONS
#17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS

- To ensure a fair assessment projects are assessed in four categories:
- 1XX Bachelor course
- 2XX Bachelor final assignment
- **3XX Master course**
- 4XX Master thesis

(e.g. Project starting with 100 is bachelor course level and compete against all other bachelor course projects).

Clean drinking water is the salt of life

Start-up company has developed a low-tech solution to a critical problem with the desalination of groundwater in developing countries. There is an increasing interest in social and sustainable innovation.

3

.

Søren RavnsborgMikal Schlosser

A Danish company is building a desalination plant close to a refugee camp in Kenya, so refugees and inhabitants from the surrounding villages can use the salty water as drinking water. The company still needs to handle the toxic waste product brine, a result of the desalination process. To find a solution, they turned to DTU and a team of five students at HardTech Entrepreneurship.

One of them is Anne Sofie Larsen, whose desire to work with social innovation and the UN Sustainable Development Goals was a significant part of her motivation for choosing the HardTech-programme focusing on entrepreneurship.

"I would like to work on a project that can make a difference. Our research showed us that salty groundwater is a large and growing problem in many parts of the world, especially in the climatic zone below the equator. At the coasts, you use wastewater treatment plants to deal with the problem, but this is not possible further inland in a country with virtually no infrastructure. 80 per cent of water drillings result in the water's content being too salty to be used for drinking. And the Danish company is unable to build a desalination plant before the waste problem has been solved," she explains.

We will return to the team's suggested solution. The course is part of the newly established centre DTU Entrepreneurship, which aims to gather DTU's research and teaching activities with a focus on technological entrepreneurship and boost the start-up ecosystem at DTU.

Mads Rømer Svendsen is employed as project manager at the Centre. He explains that students are showing increasing interest in entrepreneurship with a sustainable focus. "The project with the desalination plant in Kenya is an example of a classic engineering approach, where you find a tech solution to a specific problem. We will undoubtedly see more of that type of projects in the future. Many students relate to social issues. We will collaborate more with NGOs to bring our knowledge of technology and business development into play in relation to the specific problems the students encounter in the field," he says.

Anne Sofie Larsen and her team were faced with a double challenge. They needed to solve the brine issue while also integrating a sustainable local economy into the solution. They developed a pump, an industrial spray-fan, which pumps the brine through a propeller and out onto e.g. a tarpaulin. The brine then evaporates in the sun and only the salt remains. The pump optimises the evaporation process. The preliminary experiments show that the resulting salt is of such good quality that it can be used in the household.

"Our solution is low-tech and portable. Essentially, we get the waste product for free and turn it into a resource. We have come a long way in our 'proof of concept' with the DTU Environment's support, but the goal of creating sustainable businesses, where the locals can collect, package and sell the salt, is still some distance away," she says.

Anne Sofie Larsen has, together with another team member, formed the company NoBriner. The objective is to enter into partnerships. If the pilot project is successful, they and the Danish company will apply for funding for a further 120 of their plants, in order to provide clean drinking water and cooking salt for the inhabitants of a Kenyan village.

Anne Sofie Larsen is about to complete her dissertation in Design and Innovation at DTU. While studying, she also works 20 hours a week as a programme manager at the Centre for Entrepreneurship. Her ambition is for the Centre to focus particularly on humanitarian projects over time.

HardTech is a course that takes place over 13 weeks, where the students get access to DTU's prototype facilities, DKK 5,000 for purchasing components as well as access to DTU's experts in the field of entrepreneurship and business development.

Allison's Growing Garden

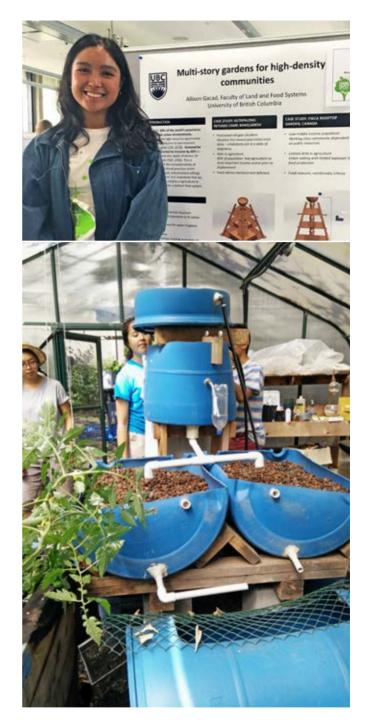
Growing urbanization is a key world challenge. A multi-storey vertical garden structure developed by a team of students may be the solution to secure sustainable nutrition and reduce CO₂ emission. The low-tech modular solution developed for protracted refugee communities is now tested in low-income neighbourhoods in Canada.

📄 Mette M. Christensen

Allison Gacad

A year ago Allison Gacad found herself in an unfamiliar town outside of Copenhagen, surrounded by young people preparing for one of their biggest moments during their course of education. That day they were all gathered in the library at the Technical University of Denmark wearing their white and green t-shirts with the same goal in mind: to compete for the best sustainable project. Allison had come all the way from British Columbia, Canada, to compete in DTU's greenest conference, Green Challenge.

"My project is a multi-storey vertical garden structure for protracted refugee communities – refugees who remain in impermanent, unstable housing situations for long periods of time. The garden structure would



contain modular components, which are designed to grow micronutrient-rich produce to supplement existing food rations. In addition, the produce chosen would be culturally appropriate and support existing refugee skills in agriculture. The motivation was to come up with well-designed, low-cost technology that refugees in these communities can adopt", Allison explains. For Allison, the desire is to apply the multi-storey garden in a meaningful way. Since she started on the project she has continually acquired knowledge, taking her closer to this goal. Allison was prior to Green Challenge a finalist in the international World's Challenge in London, Ontario. With her participation, Allison collaborated, prototyped and consulted with experts across the fields of design, agriculture, and sociology and acquired knowledge to improve her multi-storey garden. But her garden was not yet feasible and with Green Challenge, Allison's knowledge continued growing. "The judges' feedback at Green Challenge really put my project to the test of financial viability and realistic feasibility. As a result, my team has taken the time to pursue individual research and projects before feeling confident enough to circle back and continue with the project", she says.

Green Challenge altered the direction of the project. Following the conference, Allison's team recognized that it was essential to develop an even better understanding of the contributors to food insecurity in protracted refugee situations:

111

"I have taken initiative to gain knowledge about alternative methods of sustainable agriculture, particularly those that are low-cost and efficient in settings with limited resources. Over the past school year, I have taken coursework in integrated crop-livestock systems and projects in aquaponics, and currently I am an intern at a hydroponics facility." Allison's desire to apply her multi-storey garden in a meaningful way is still in process, but to grow her garden in refugee communities her knowledge has to grow as well. Allison is today collaborating with a rooftop garden at the University of British Columbia and a low-income urban neighbourhood in Vancouver. Green Challenge has been a steppingstone in Allison's growing adventure, and we hope soon to see her garden contribute to a better and more sustainable world.

















¢.

























Smart algorithm controls power consumption and strengthens the climate

DTU researchers have developed an algorithm that can regulate the power supply for the heating of swimming pools in summer cottages, resulting in reduced carbon emissions. This method can also be used for public swimming pools and refrigerated counters or greenhouses.

Søren RavnsborgMikal Schlosser

Although the coasts and sea water are often close to the summer cottage areas in Denmark, indoor swimming pools are an additional comfort demanded by many visitors all year round.

It is expensive and energy-consuming to heat these pools to about 25–30 degrees Celsius, which is the temperature required for health-related reasons and for general comfort.

There is not much to be done about the power prices for the summer cottage owners and visitors yet. But thanks to an algorithm developed at DTU, the energy flexibility will be utilised and the level of carbon emissions will be reduced by means of a modest investment.

This requires an explanation, and Rune Grønborg Junker, PhD student at DTU Compute, is just the man to deliver it:

"Using the information contained in the energy network, the algorithm continuously predicts how much CO₂ is emitted per kilowatt hour in the next 24 hours, thereby also predicting when the carbon emission level is at its lowest. The algorithm will then ensure that power is supplied to the summer cottages—and that their swimming pools will be heated—at times where less energy comes from coal-fired power stations and more green power can be obtained, especially since the share of production created by wind turbines naturally varies," he explains.

The technology consists of a small box, which is installed in the summer cottage and connected to the main meter, in order to track the power consumption. Its calculations will be made on a server that sends information to the box, which in turn tells the heat pump or electric cartridge to turn on or off. The algorithm works as a kind of price agent, but with carbon emissions in mind instead.

The boxes with the algorithm have been installed in 30 summer cottages during the trial period. There have been

The Danish demo case is part of the research projects smartnet and CITIES, both of which examine the potentials of energy flexibility. The latter sponsors Rune Grønborg Junker's work. They are both a part of the EU research





different kinds of difficulties, but the basic principle works, says Rune Grønborg Junker.

"Our results show that we can reduce carbon emissions by ten per cent. And the comfort will not suffer from it, as the water temperature only fluctuates very little. The installation does what it needs to do, but we expect to save even more when the algorithm is improved. Just how much is difficult to say, but up to 30 per cent is not impossible," he says.

One difficulty is that the box communicates via the 3G network, resulting in outages in areas with poor coverage, which is where summer cottages are typically located. In the future, it must communicate through Wi-Fi or be able to store more knowledge and save updates, so that it can remember what to do several hours in advance and therefore won't be vulnerable in case of a lost connection.

"Through the booking system, the equipment knows when the guests arrive and adjusts the temperature accordingly. It also knows how long it will take to heat the pool and will not turn on until the right moment. This reduction is added to the 10 per cent coming from the energy flexibility," he says.

The algorithm has the potential to be distributed. The price is roughly the same regardless of how big a subject the equipment must monitor. It could be public swimming pools, for example, and the team behind the equipment is already working on a project with refrigerated counters in supermarkets and a wastewater treatment plant.

"In the future, the power cost may reflect how much CO₂ is used to produce a certain amount of electricity. This would give people an additional incentive to use the algorithm. They can save money and benefit the climate at the same time", says Rune Grønborg Junker.

programme Horizon 2020. When the programme ends, the Danish part carries on in Flexible Energy Denmark and in the collaboration with Novasol, who manages the renting out of holiday homes.



Sustainable Development Goals

Engineers play an essential role in ensuring sustainable development. Engineers can and must continue contributing towards developing technological solutions and address global challenges.

United Nation has on September 25th 2015 adopted 17 goals to end poverty, protect the planet, and ensure prosperity for all as



part of a new global and sustainable development agenda. Each goal has specific targets to be achieved over the next 15 years.

The 17 Sustainable Development Goals are now incorporated in the framework of Green Challenge, because Green Challenge needs to address global Challenges. Read about each of the 17 SDGs on United Nations website: www.un.org

Norwegian University of Science and Technology

Universities that have participated in Green Ghallenge

University of Copenhagen





Assessment criteria

1. Is the project well-structured and clearly communicated?

Is there a clear thread running throughout the presentation, does the presentation stay within the allotted time frame, is there cohesion between the visual and oral presentation and is the message clear.

2. To what extend is the positive impact on the UN Sustainable Development goals made probable?

Which goal or goals does the project refer to? Does the project demonstrate how it impacts the SDG's?

3. To what extend is the project technically applicable and likely to be realized? Is the project realizable and can it be implemented within a reasonable time frame? How probable is it that the technology can be applied in the desired manner?

4. To what extent is it visionary and/or innovative?

Is the project innovative? Are the findings surprising?





Jan B. Lillelund CTO, Executive Architect IBM



Anne Ehrenreich Member of the Reginal Council Venstre



Axel Grøndahl Kristiansen Deputy Head of Department DTU Diplom



Kurt Engelbrecht Associate Professor DTU Energy



Markus Duus Kristensen Winner of GRØN DYST 2018

Panel 2



Jesper Lomborg Manigoff Vice President 3Shape A/S



Flemming Pless Member of the Reginal Council Socialdemokratiet

Mette Wier Head of Department DTU Management Engineering

Brian Seger Associate Professor DTU Physics



Panel 3



Brian Thomsen Director Dansk Akvakultur



Jacob Wøhler Jørgensen City Councillor, Ballerup Venstre



Per B. Brockhoff Head of Department DTU Compute



Gisle Alberg Vestergaard Associate Professor DTU Health Tech



Andreas Goll Rosseau Vice President of Polyteknisk Forening





Jørgen S. Christensen CTO Dansk Energi



Johan Müller City Councillor, Ballerup Socialdemokratiet



Søren Linderoth Head of Department DTU Energy



Anders Andersen Associate Professor DTU Physics



Lau Halkier Wandall Coordinator of Academic Affairs, PF

Panel 7



Mads Blumensaat Cluster Lead Vestas Wind Systems A/S



Julie Skovsby Member of Parliament Socialdemokratiet



Jörg Hübner Director DTU Nanolab



Preben Morth Professor DTU Bioengineering



Asta Trøjgaard Thogersen Coordinator of Social Politics, PF





Jens Brandt Bering Business Unit Director, Water & Utilities NIRAS A/S



Jan Rytkjær Callesen Member of Parliament Dansk Folkeparti

Claus Hélix-Nielsen

Head of Department





Mads Rømer Svendsen Entrepreneurship Agent DTU Entrepreneurship

DTU Environmental Engineering



Jacob Grau Thisted Winner of GRØN DYST 2018

Panel 8



Nina Movin CEO Otto Mønsted



Kåre Harder Olsen 2nd deputy mayor, Ballerup Venstre



Jes Broeng Director DTU Technology Entrepreneurship





João Antonio Basso Rezende SDG Ambassador

Panel 6



To be announced



Marianne Frederik Member of the Reginal Council Enhedslisten

10	2.5	25
	68	5.0
IQ.	100	100
1.7	6.3	67

Hans Nørgaard Hansen Head of Department DTU Mechanical Engineering



Martin Sørensen Project Consultant DTU Diplom



Mine Lisberg Winner of GRØN DYST 2018

Panel 9



Otto L. Frederiksen Funding administrator Otto Mønsted



Kim Rockhill Member of the Reginal Council Socialdemokratiet



Anne Hauch Head of Study Board DTU Energy

				e
15	ine.	6	3	
12	1	4	3	

Rune Helgesen Associate Professor DTU Diplom



Marcus Fruelund Schmidt Chief Financial Officer, PF



Henrik Toft Transformation Architect, CTO IBM



Martin Baden Member of the Reginal Council Socialdemokratiet



Lars Urheim Community Manager for LevelUp University of Stavanger



Tiberiu-Gabriel Zsurzsan Assistant Professor DTU Electrical Engineering



Kirstine Krøver Rasmussen Coordinator of Internal Matters and PR, PF

Panel 13



Lars Hauge Executive Vice President Bridge, Tunnel and Marine Structures, COWI A/S



Laura Kramer Fisker Consultant Deloitte Consulting



Audrey Soric Associate Professor Ecole Centrale de Marseille



Sara Grex Associate Professor DTU Diplom



Elena Olivera Begué SDG Ambassador



Michael Svane

Infrastructure

Dansk Industri





Magnus von Dreiager City Councillor, Lyngby-Taarbæk Konservative

Director, Transportation &





Gitte Mellemgaard Associate Professor DTU Diplom

Per Goltermann

Mikkel Elvebakken Winner of GRØN DYST 2018

Panel 14



Helle Olund Villumsen Chief Technology Officer DBI Plastics A/S



Niels Høiby Member of the Reginal Council Liberal Alliance



Eric Rice Director of the Professional Development Program John Hopkins University







Malene Hovgaard Vested SDG Ambassador

Panel 12



Søren Helmuth lensen Senior Vice President,

Head of Technical Office Alfa Laval Marine Division



Martin Schepelern Member of the Reginal Council Alternativet



Lars-Ulrik Aaen Andersen Head of Department DTU Fotonik



Bastian Epp Associate Professor DTU Health Tech



Kristoffer Rander Winner of GRØN DYST 2018

Panel 15



Roger Courage Matthisen CEO

European Diversity Summit



Peter Westermann Member of the Reginal Council Socialistisk Folkeparti



Pamela Sheff Director of the center for Leadership Education John Hopkins University



Michael Deininger Associate Professor DTU Mechanical Engineering



Anant Atul Visaria SDG Ambassador



Niels Peter Nørring Director of Environment Landbrug & Fødevarer



Susanne Due Kristensen Member of the Reginal Council Socialdemokratiet



Stijn De Jonge Head of Chemical Engineering Master Programme KU Leuven



Borja Valverde-Perez Assistant Professor DTU Enviroment



Astrid Kjeldgaard Winner of GRØN DYST 2018

Panel 19



Christine Brænder Almstrup M.Sc., Project Officer, Head of Biotech LIFE



Sofia Osmani Mayor, Lyngby-Taarbæk Konservative



Steve Sung Tae Ahn Director Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Techonology



Massimo Rolle Associate Professor DTU Enviroment



Mathias Ankjær Winner of GRØN DYST 2018





Peter Ulrik Scheel Owner Scheel Management Consulting



Camilla Bjerg Pedersen Department Manager, Consultant Vestforbrænding



Martin Widden Senior Lecturer Engineering Lancaster University



Manuel Pinelo Associate Professor DTU Chemical Engineering



Panel 20



Tue Johannessen CTO Amminex A/S



Torben Kjær Member of the Reginal Council Enhedslisten



Lars Bogø Jensen Head of study board DTU Food





Louise Jensen Hamre Winner of GRØN DYST 2018

Paul Michael Petersen

Professor

DTU Fotonik

Panel 18



Anna-Mette Monnelly Head of Sustainability NICC



Michael Nielsen Cofounder & Partner ForNAV

н	2	ø	-		2
H	ø			3	C
J.	8	а	1	9	1
в	Ø.		3	Ŀ	8

Laetitia Ouillet Director of the Strategic Area Energy TU/e



Vassilios Agelidis Professor DTU Electrical Engineering



Ipek Altay Winner of GRØN DYST 2018

Panel 21



Mikkel Leihardt Debuty Director General Danish Agency for Institutions and Educational Grants



Thomas Schäfer Executive Vice President og CSO Chr. Hansen



Lasse Engbo Christiansen Head of study board DTU Compute



Ole Schultz Associate Professor DTU Diplom



Amalie Avnborg Member of PF Acedemic Commitee





Rune Domsten Co-Founder Indesmatech









Søren Juhl Andersen Assistant Professor DTU Wind Energy

Freja Karoline Weber Jørgensen Member of PF Acedemic Commitee

Panel 24

Q





Simon Bull

Digital Specialist



Jane Hvolbæk Nielsen Head of Department DTU Physics





Henrik Wessing Head of Studies DTU Fotonik DTU Student



Benjamin Büll Elsholm Member of PF Academic Commitee

Panel 23



Anette Priess Gade Forretningsudvikler innovationlab.dk



Thomas Sture Rasmussen Innovation and strategy developer bib:ballerup



Jacob Berg Associate Professor DTU Wind Energy



Kirsten From Assistant Professor DTU Diplom



Simon Svane Lundorf Member of PF Acedemic Commitee

Panel 25



Line Kolling Management consultant McKinsey & Company



Esben Jørgensen Bager Consultant McKinsey & Company



Nina Bengtsson Member of Ungeklimarådet



Jens Christian Andersen Head of study board DTU Electrical Engineering



Winnie Edith Svendsen Associate Professor DTU Bioengineering



Vinh Duy Nguyen Member of PF Acedemic Commitee



Editor: Anders Brixen Bojesen

Journalists: Søren Ravnsborg Mette Marie Christensen

Design and production: Step – Move your brand

> Photos: Mikal Schlosser Ulrik M. Nielsen Allison Gacad DTU photos

The event is sponsored by:



McKinsey&Company



Nordic Ecolabel - licence no. 5041-0072 - Printed Matter · www.STEP.dk

Technical University of Denmark



Sustainability and climate change are high on the global agenda. Engineers play a central part in a sustainable development of society. Engineers from DTU can and must continue to contribute to the development of technological solutions that respond to the global challenges. Therefore DTU has initiated **GRØN DYST**

Technical University of Denmark, Anker Engelunds Vej 1 Tel. 45 25 25 25, E-mail: dtu@dtu.dk, **www.dtu.dk**